



HONORING THE DEAD IN OTHER COUNTRIES

By: Rece T, Maddy T, and Azul A, Claudia E.

CHINESE PART 1



China has a funeral ceremony

When a person is on his/her deathbed a coffin is pre ordered

The funeral ceremony tradition lasts over 49 days

When a family member dies the sons or daughters have to tell the rest of the relatives.

Relatives bring in money for the family on the day of the funeral

CHINA PART 2

The first 7 days of the traditional ceremony are the most important

Traditions depend on the the deceased relative's role in the family, age, the cause of death, and there position of society.

Ex: If an elder or parent dies it's up to the eldest son to prepare the funeral

CHINA PART 3

Chinese Christians believe that the body should be at home at time of death

A Gong is placed by the side of entrance it will be on the left side if its a male and its on the right if its a female.

Only Spouses and children of the deceased family member can wear black. Grandchildren where dark blue while other family members were bright blue. Red is not worn due to it is for weddings.



ALL SAINTS DAY

- Day to celebrate all saints, known and unknown, as the name suggests.
- It is celebrated on november 1st of every year
- It is a day where christians believe they're bonded with the spirits in heaven and the spirits of the living
- It was started by Pope Boniface IV when he consecrated the Patheon of Rome
- Catholics are required ot attend mass on all saints day
- It is a very holy day in christianity and it is an obligation for christians to attend mass on that day
- Halloween used to be a very religious day in christianity, but now has lost much of its meaning.

JAPAN



- They cremate their dead
- Remains are in a container at the base of the stone pillar
- Tombstone had information about the dead
- Usually visits in the end of summer
- Does a ritual
- Buddhism and Shintoism shapes japanese thoughts on the afterlife.
- Decreased likes green tea
- Some say a prayers, depending on religions

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